OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR MODEL 7686 MOTOR ASSEMBLY



MARNING

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION ENCLOSED. READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING MOTOR.

FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.

PLACING MOTOR IN SERVICE

- Always operate, inspect and maintain this motor in accordance with American National Standards Institute Safety Code for Portable Air Tools (ANSI B186.1)
- For safety, top performance, and maximum durability of parts, operate this tool at 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) maximum air pressure at the inlet with 5/16" (8 mm) inside diameter air supply hose.
- Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this motor, or before performing any maintenance on this motor.
- Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated air hoses and fittings.
- Be sure all hoses and fittings are the correct size and are tightly secured. See Dwg. TPD905-1 for a typical piping arrangement.
- Always use clean, dry air at 90 psig maximum air pressure. Dust, corrosive fumes and/or excessive moisture can ruin the motor.
- Do not lubricate motor with flammable or volatile liquids such as kerosene, diesel or jet fuel.
- Do not remove any labels. Replace any damaged label.

- Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this motor.
- Always wear hearing protection when operating this motor.
- Keep hands, loose clothing and long hair away from rotating end of motor.
- Anticipate and be alert for sudden changes in motion during start up and operation of any power motor.
- Motor accessories may continue to rotate briefly after throttle is released.
- Air powered motors can vibrate in use. Vibration, repetitive motions or uncomfortable positions may be harmful to your hands and arms. Stop using any motor if discomfort, tingling feeling or pain occurs. Seek medical advice before resuming use.
- Use accessories recommended by Ingersoll–Rand.
- The Throttle Valve Cap is under pressure from the Throttle Valve Spring. Use care when removing the Throttle Valve Cap. (On motors where applicable.)
- This motor is not designed for working in explosive atmospheres.
- This motor is not insulated against electric shock.

NOTICE

The use of other than genuine Ingersoll-Rand replacement parts may result in safety hazards, decreased motor performance, increased maintenance and may invalidate all warranties.

Ingersoll-Rand is not responsible for customer modification of tools for applications on which Ingersoll-Rand was not consulted.

Repairs should be made only by authorized trained personnel. Consult your nearest Ingersoll-Rand Authorized Service Center.

It is the responsibility of the employer to place the information in this manual into the hands of the operator.



WARNING LABEL IDENTIFICATION



FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.



▲ WARNING

Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this motor



▲WARNING

Always wear hearing protection when operating this motor.



▲WARNING

Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this motor, or before performing any maintenance on this motor.



▲WARNING

Air powered motors can vibrate in use. Vibration, repetitive motions or uncomfortable positions may be harmful to your hands and arms. Stop using any motor if discomfort, tingling feeling or pain occurs. Seek medical advice before resuming use.



▲WARNING

Do not carry the motor by the hose.



A WARNING

Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated air hoses and fittings.



AWARNING

Operate at 90 psig (6.2 bar/ 620 kPa) Maximum air pressure

PLACING MOTOR IN SERVICE

- LUBRICATION -



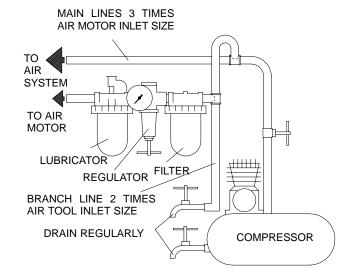


IRAX No. 10P IRAX No. 50P IRAX No. 68 1LB

Always use an air line lubricator with these motors. We recommend the following Filter–Lubricator–Regulator Unit:

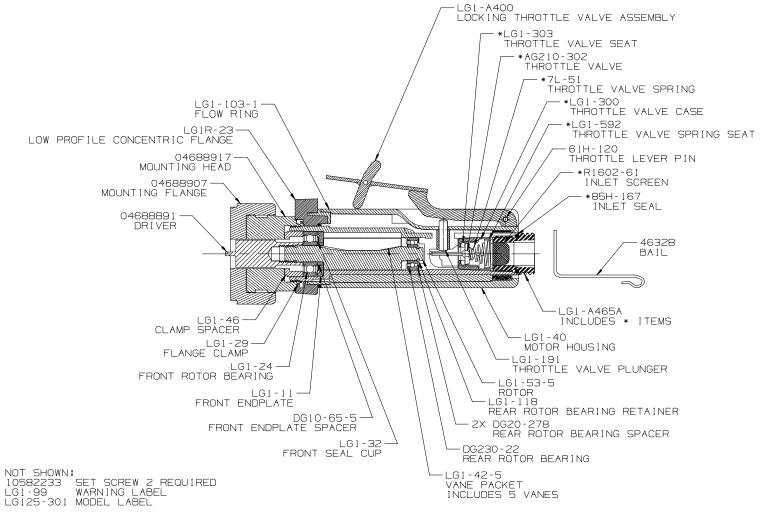
For USA No. - IRAX No. C18-03-FKG0-28

After each two hours of operation, if an air line lubricator is not used, inject 1/2 to 1 cc of IRAX No. 10P Oil into the Air Inlet.



(Dwg. TPD905-1)

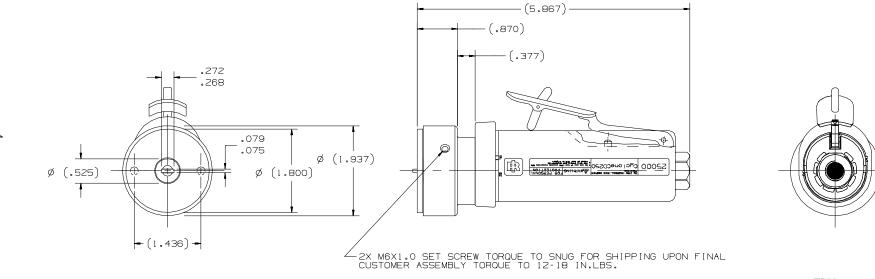
7686 MOTOR ASSEMBLY



* INDICATES ITEMS INCLUDED IN LGI-K300 THROTTLE VALVE KIT.

TPM_1049-1

7686 MOTOR ASSEMBLY DIMENSIONAL DRAWING



TPM_1050-1

MAINTENANCE SECTION

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE		
Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
Low power or low free speed	Insufficient air pressure	Check air line pressure at the Inlet of the Motor. It must be 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa).
	Clogged muffler elements	Disassemble the Motor and agitate bare Motor Housing and Flange in clean, suitable, cleaning solution. If elements cannot be cleaned, replace the Motor Housing and/or the Flange.
	Plugged Inlet Screen	Clean the Inlet Screen in clean, suitable, cleaning solution or replace the Screen.
	Worn or broken Vanes	Install a complete set of new Vanes.
	Loose Clamp Nut or Arbor Housing	Tighten the Nut or Housing to 15 to 18 ft–lb (20 to 25 Nm) torque.
	Worn or broken Motor Housing	Replace the Motor Housing.
	Internal air leakage in the Motor Housing indicated by high air consumption/low speed or air leaking out the front and rear exhaust simultaneously.	Replace the Motor Housing.
	Grit buildup under the Throttle Lever restricting full Throttle Valve Plunger movement.	Remove the Throttle Lever and clean the groove in the Motor Housing.
	Bent stem on Throttle Valve	Replace the Throttle Valve.
	Front Seal Cup Assembly dragging against the shield of the Front Rotor Bearing	Reposition the Front Seal Cup Assembly.
Excessive runout	Bent rotor hub	Replace the Rotor.
	Worn or damaged Front Rotor Bearing	Replace the Front Rotor Bearing.
Scoring of End Plate	Worn Front End Plate Spacer or Front End Plate	Install a new Front End Plate Spacer and Front End Plate.
	Worn Front Rotor Bearing	Install a new Front Rotor Bearing.
Leaky Throttle Valve	Dirt accumulation on Throttle Valve or Throttle Valve Seat	Disassemble, inspect and clean parts.
	Worn Throttle Valve or Throttle Valve Seat	Replace the Throttle Valve and/or Throttle Valve Seat.
	Excessive dirt build-up beneath the Throttle Lever	Clean out the slot area.
	Bent Throttle Valve Plunger	Replace the Plunger.
Exhausts at wrong direction	Incorrect orientation of the Flow Ring	Reverse the face of the Flow Ring against the Motor Housing.
Front Rotor Bearing runs hot	Incorrect installation of the Front Seal Cup Assembly	Reposition the Front Seal Cup Assembly flush with the face of the Front End Plate Spacer.
	Front End Plate Spacer rubbing the bore of the Front End Plate	Replace the Front End Plate and Front End Plate Spacer combination.
	Incorrect Front Rotor Bearing installation orientation	If a black stain or black hashmarks are not visible on the face of the Bearing when it is assembled with the End Plate and Rotor, the Bearing is installed backwards. If possible, remove the Bearing and install it correctly or replace the Bearing.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE		
Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
Slow tool idle	Bent or leaky Throttle Valve	Replace the Throttle Valve.
Air leakage around Flow Ring	Damaged, mutilated or missing Flange Clamp	Replace the Flange Clamp.
	Damaged Flow Ring	Replace the Flow Ring.
Rough operation/vibration	Improper lubrication or dirt buildup	Disassemble the Motor and clean in a clean, suitable, cleaning solution. Assemble the Motor and inject 3 cc of the recommended oil into the Inlet and run the Motor long enough to coat the internal parts with the oil.
	Worn or broken Rear Rotor Bearing or Front Rotor Bearing	Replace the worn or broken Bearings. Examine the Front End Plate, Front End Plate Spacer Front Seal Cup Assembly and Rear Rotor Bearing Spacers and replace any damaged parts. If the rear end plate is damaged, replace the Rotor.

NOTICE

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS. DO NOT DESTROY.

NOTES